APPENDIX I.

[Vide answer to clauses (a), (b) and (c) of the starred question No. 273 asked by Sri S. Lazar at the meeting of the Legislative Assembly held on 11th March 1958, page 78 supra.]

Description of loan.	Amount allotted in 1957.	Amount of loan disbursed in 1957.	Number of applications received in 1957.	Number of applications sanctioned in 1957.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1 Short term	1,00,000	25,120	2,584	97
2 Minor Irrigation ..	40,000	5,500	6	6
3 Takkavi (Collector's sanction)	30,000	29,750	66	66
4 Village House Construction	10,000	..	839	..

APPENDIX II.

[Vide answer to clauses (a), (b) and (c) of the starred question No. 278 asked by Sri V. K. Krishnamurthy (on behalf of Sri S. Lazar) at the meeting of the Legislative Assembly held on 11th March 1958, page 83 supra.]

(a) & (b) *Number of National Cadet Corps Units in* 1957–58 *and their strength*—

	Number of Units.	Number of Cadets	Number of Officers.	Student population (Approximate).	Percentage of students undergoing NCC training to the student population.
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Senior Division Units (Men-students in colleges).	21	4,386	107	43,811	10
Junior Division Troops (Boys in higher forms).	259	8,547	259	1,97,579	4.3
Girls' Division-Senior wing (Women students in women's Colleges).	12 (Sub-troops).	360	12	7,726	4.7
Girls' Division-Junior wing (Girls in higher forms)	39 (troops).	1,170	39	52,198	2.2

(c) *The basis on which permission is granted to start New Units.*—The pre-requisite for allotment of a Unit to a particular College/School is that it should be able to provide adequate accommodation for the functioning of the Unit Office and for the storage of equipment and stores provided by the Central Government. Before the allotment of a Unit is made, the Vice-Chancellor or the Director of Public Instruction as the case may be, is always consulted as to the suitability of raising a Unit in the institution and on his recommendations, the colleges/schools, which fulfil the required conditions, are selected and the members of the staff are called for undergoing pre-commission training at the Training Centre.

[11th March 1958

APPENDIX III.

[Vide answer to starred question No. 286 asked by Sri M. P. Sarathy at the meeting of the Legislative Assembly held on 11th March 1958, page 90 supra.]

Statement showing the scales of remuneration paid to enumerators.

Remuneration is paid to the enumerators for conducting house-to-house inquiries and for bringing up-to-date the entries in the National Register of Citizens entrusted to them and for preparing the list of additions, deletions and corrections to the electoral rolls, in the following scale :—

(1) (*a*) *Non-municipal areas other than suburbs of Madras City.*—Rs. 5 for local areas in which the number of households is below 250 and Rs. 10 for local areas in which the number of households is 250 or above.

(*b*) *Mufassal municipalities and suburbs of Madras City.*—Rs. 20 for every 350 households (proportionate amounts for fractions of 350 households).

(*c*) *Madras City.*—Rupees 20 for every 300 households (and proportionate amounts for fractions of 300 households).

(2) The total amount of remuneration to be distributed among the enumerators in each local area (i.e., a village or panchayat or township or cantonment or municipality as the case may be) will be fixed by the Tahsildars in accordance with the above scale.

(3) In rural areas where all the households in a village have been allotted to one enumerator, the amount fixed for that village will be paid to that enumerator.

(4) where in a large village or in a panchayat or town the work is distributed among two or more enumerators, the amount fixed for that area will be divided among the enumerators in the proportion of the number of households allotted to each.

(5) In urban areas, i.e., in municipalities and cities, the amount of remuneration fixed for the entire area will be divided among the enumerators in the proportion of the number of households allotted to each.

(6) In the areas where women enumerators are appointed to assist men enumerators in the enumeration of gosha women, a household allotted jointly to the men and women enumerators will be treated as two households for the purpose of sharing the remuneration between them with reference to sub-paragraphs (4) and (5) above.

(7) The minimum remuneration payable to any enumerator is Rs. 5 (rupees five only).